

Worksheet – 10

Subject: - Social Science

Class: - VII

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## Civics: Chapter 2: Role of Government in Health

Q1: In what ways the public health care system meant for all?

Ans: These are the system of health centers that are run by the government. It has the ability to look after the health of a large section of society that is scattered over a large area. Mohalla clinic, primary health care center and public hospitals form the system of healthcare. They resource required to run them are obtained from the taxes paid by the people.

Q2: Name some of the health facilities and mention what is required to run these services?

Ans: Some of the health facilities are:

1. Health centers
2. Hospitals
3. Ambulance
4. Laboratories
5. Blood banks

In order to run these services, the following facilities are required:

1. Doctors
2. Nurses
3. Health workers
4. Medicines
5. Equipments

Q3: Distinguish between the public and the private health services.

Ans:

**Public health services**

1. These systems of hospitals and health centers are run by the government like Deen Dayal Hospital
2. They are found in both rural and urban areas.
3. These hospitals provide health services either free or at low cost.

**Private health services**

1. These are the system of hospitals and nursing homes that are run by private doctors. For example BLK, Amit Nursing Home.
2. They are found only in urban areas.
3. The health services are provided by these kind of hospitals are expensive.

Q4: What are the different ways in which the government provide health care to all?

Ans: The different ways in which the government provide health care to all are:

1. By providing education to make people aware of the importance of health.
2. Proper planning should be done for sanitation, food and water.
3. Quality and quantity of hospitals, health centers and medicines should be improved.

Q5: Improvement in water and sanitation can control many water borne diseases. Explain with the help of example.

Ans: Many diseases like malaria, jaundice, cholera can be controlled if we improve the water and sanitation facilities. These diseases are water borne diseases. Mosquitoes breed in standing water, unclean surroundings and therefore result in such kind of diseases which are harmful for our health.

Q6: What are the reasons of spreading more diseases in villages.

Ans: the reasons for spreading of more diseases in villages are:

1. The poor people living in villages were undernourished.
2. They do not have basic necessities like clean drinking water, clean and good hospital.
3. Proper health facilities are also not available to them and there is shortage of hospitals and doctors

Q7: Why does the government must safeguard the 'right to life'?

- Ans:
1. According to our constitution, it is the primary duty of the government to ensure the welfare of the people and provide healthcare facilities to all.
  2. The government must safeguard the 'right to life' of a very person.
  3. It is the duty of the government to provide the necessary health services including treatment in emergency situations.
  4. Hospitals and medical staff must fulfill their duty of providing the necessary treatment.

Q8: List some disadvantages of private hospitals.

1. It has high cost of treatment.
2. The doctors prescribed more test than required due to which the cost of treatment becomes expensive.

Q9: List some disadvantage of public hospitals.

- Ans:
1. There are long waiting queue in OPD.
  2. Lack of cleanliness.
  3. Change of doctors.
  4. Non availability of medicine and some diagnostic tests like: CT scan.
  5. Sometime the doctors go on strike.

Q10: Why do we pay taxes?

- Ans:
1. Government uses tax money for providing many public services for the benefit of all citizens.
  2. Some services such as defence, police, judicial system, highways, etc. benefit all citizens.
  3. Otherwise, the citizens cannot organize these services for themselves.
  4. Government provides some services especially for the poor who cannot afford to purchase them from the market. E.g.: healthcare

Q11: Fill in the blanks:

1. Health means our ability to remain free from disease and illness.
2. Almost 15000 doctors are qualified every year in our country.
3. India is the largest producer of medicine in the world.
4. Most of the doctors settle in Urban areas in India.
5. About 500000 people die from tuberculosis every year.
6. About 2 million cases of malaria are reported every year.

7. We must keep a check on the breeding of mosquitoes in water.
8. Costa Rica is considered to be healthiest country of south America.
9. In 1996, the Kerala government made some major changes in the state budget.
10. The communicable disease spread from one person to other.
11. The people in village fall ill because they are undernourished.